

STUDENT ID NO								

MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 3 2017/2018

TSE2101 – SOFTWARE ENGINEERING FUNDAMENTALS

(All Sections/Groups)

30 MAY 2018 09:00 AM – 11:00 AM (2 Hours)

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

- 1. The total number of pages for this examination paper is five(5) pages including the cover page.
- 2. This examination paper contains a total of eight(8) questions divided into two(2) different sections, Section A and Section B, respectively. Each section contains four(4) questions.
- 3. You are required to answer a total of four(4) questions. You must answer any two(2) questions from Section A, and any two(2) questions from Section B.
- 4. Each question carries an equal score of 15 points. The total score for this examination paper is 60 points.



STUDENT ID NO								
-1			•					
1		1						•

MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 3 2017/2018

TSE2101 – SOFTWARE ENGINEERING FUNDAMENTALS

(All Sections/Groups)

30 MAY 2018 09:00 AM - 11:00 AM (2 Hours)

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

- 1. The total number of pages for this examination paper is five(5) pages including the cover page.
- 2. This examination paper contains a total of eight(8) questions divided into two(2) different sections, Section A and Section B, respectively. Each section contains four(4) questions.
- 3. You are required to answer a total of four(4) questions. You must answer any two(2) questions from Section A, and any two(2) questions from Section B.
- 4. Each question carries an equal score of 15 points. The total score for this examination paper is 60 points.

SECTION A

(Answer any two(2) questions in this section)

QUESTION A1

- **A1(a)** List three(3) desirable characteristics of a software engineer. Provide one(1) reason each why you consider the characteristic as desirable.
- **A1(b)** Discuss one(1) important consequence of software being intangible (meaning we cannot touch, smell or feel software).
- **A1(c)** What are the five(5) activities that comprise the Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC) processes?
- A1(d) Describe briefly (in less than 200 words each) the following design architectures
 - (d1) multi-tiered architecture
 - (d2) peer-to-peer architecture
 - (d3) parallel and distributed architecture
- **A1(e)** Name three(3) different software programming paradigms.

[5 x 3 points = 15 points]

QUESTION A2

- **A2(a)** Why is the Waterfall Process Model considered prescriptive? You may provide suitable examples in your answer.
- **A2(b)** Describe one(1) advantage in implementing the Spiral Process Model in software development.
- **A2(c)** Why is it a bad thing when errors in the Waterfall Process Model get discovered only when it reaches the software testing stage? Can we discover the errors earlier?
- **A2(d)** Describe the meaning of the following terms used in software engineering:
 - (d1) process framework
 - (d2) work breakdown structure
 - (d3) deliverable
- **A2(e)** Discuss this statement. "When you write codes, keep conditional logic as simple as possible."

1	[5	v	3	points	=	15	points
	J	Λ	0	DOMES		LJ	DOMIN

_				
	กท	m	ue	
•	CAR	ш.		

QUESTION A3

- A3(a) How do you measure and monitor progress against plans in project management?
- A3(b) Discuss the importance of coordination activity in project management.
- A3(c) Why do people plan for milestones in a project? What are milestones for?
- A3(d) Explain the following concepts in Object-Oriented Design (OOD).
 - (d1) Encapsulation
 - (d2) Abstraction
 - (d3) Polymorphism
- **A3(e)** Discuss this statement. "In software design, understand the problem you are trying to solve."

 $[5 \times 3 \text{ points} = 15 \text{ points}]$

QUESTION A4

WRY

- **A4(a)** Provide three(3) principles that guide your planning activity in software project management.
- A4(b) Describe two(2) differences between a web application and a desktop application.
- **A4(c)** What does it mean when it was said that, "in this project the focus on software requirements is the control and handling of events"?
- A4(d) In software design, explain the meaning of the following terms
 - (d1) data persistence
 - (d2) distributed computations
 - (d3) concurrent or parallel processes
- A4(e) Discuss the statement. "All tests should be traceable to customer requirements."

$[5 \times 3]$	points =	ן 15	points	
----------------	----------	------	--------	--

Continue ...

SECTION B

(Answer any two(2) questions in this section)

QUESTION B1

- **B1(a)** In software requirements modeling, what do you understand by the terms "flow-based model elements."
- **B1(b)** Provide three(3) reasons why requirements must be documented.
- **B1(c)** Provide three(3) examples of non-functional software requirements. Provide one(1) reason each why you consider them as non-functional.
- **B1(d)** Name one(1) example application, for each of the following category of CASE tools (Computer Aided Software Engineering).
 - (d1) graphical modeling and design
 - (d2) software code construction
 - (d3) software project management
- B1(e) Discuss this statement. "Regression testing is also called black box testing."

 $[5 \times 3 \text{ points} = 15 \text{ points}]$

QUESTION B2

- **B2(a)** How does object-oriented design solve the function ownership problem in structured programming?
- **B2(b)** Briefly explain how the data initialization problem arise in structured design.
- **B2(c)** Describe two(2) benefits of multiple inheritance in object-oriented design.
- **B2(d)** Describe (in less than 300 words) the concept of CMMI (*Capability Maturity Model Integration*) levels on the subject related to software quality.
- **B2(e)** Discuss this statement. "In an embedded system, the software application is embedded as part of a complete device often including hardware and mechanical parts."

١	15	v	2	points	= 1	5	nointe
U		x		131311115	_ '		111111115

Continue ...

QUESTION B3

- **B3(a)** Provide three(3) reasons why we want to implement design patterns in our software.
- B3(b) Describe one(1) technique for interfacing software codes with components built using different programming languages.
- B3(c) What are the differences between creational and structural design patterns?
- **B3(d)** Illustrate the differences between errors, bugs and failures according to the standardized international definitions in software testing.
- **B3(e)** Discuss this statement. "In object-oriented design, an interface class has no implementation".

 $[5 \times 3 \text{ points} = 15 \text{ points}]$

OUESTION B4

- B4(a) Provide two(2) types of information that can be derived from reverse engineering.
- **B4(b)** What is the purpose of Software Configuration Management (SCM)?
- **B4(c)** Describe two(2) characteristic stereotypes of bad software developers.
- **B4(d)** In structured software design, the (switch..case) statement is used for conditional branch selection. Draw an appropriate activity diagram to illustrate this (switch..case) code construction.
- B4(e) Discuss this statement. "Do not write codes in a manner that is not testable."

 $[5 \times 3 \text{ points} = 15 \text{ points}]$

End of document.